

**Key Words and Phrases for Concept Map on  
How Antibiotics and Chemical Agents Affect Bacterial Structures and Functions**

antibiotic inhibits peptidoglycan synthesis  
inhibit synthesis of acid-fast cell walls  
antibiotic or disinfectant alters cytoplasmic membrane  
antibiotic/chemical agent inhibits  
normal nucleic acid replication  
inhibits bacterial RNA polymerase  
antibiotic/chemical agent binds to prokaryotic ribosomal subunits  
binds to 30S ribosomal subunit  
binds to 50S ribosomal subunit  
bind to transpeptidases  
bind to peptides of peptidoglycan monomers  
binds to bactoprenol  
osmotic lysis  
blocks incorporation of mycolic acid into cell wall  
blocks incorporation of arabinogalactan into cell wall  
inhibits bacterial topoisomerase enzymes  
prevents synthesis of tetrahydrofolic acid  
puts nicks in the DNA strands of certain bacteria  
causes leakage of cellular needs  
prevents the transfer of the peptidyl tRNA from the A-site to the P-site  
interferes with the proofreading process that helps assure the accuracy of translation  
prevents peptidyltransferase from forming peptide bonds  
anticodons of charged tRNAs cannot align with the codons of the mRNA  
interferes with the binding of the 50S subunit to the initiation complex  
blocks translation of mRNA into protein