

HW 9-4 Soln)

If an atom of nuclear charge Z is ionized so that only one electron remains, that electron will behave the same as it would in a hydrogen atom but with Z times the attractive force acting on it. The energy levels would then be

$$E_{n Z^{+(Z-1)}} = -Z^2 \frac{13.6 \text{ eV}}{n^2} .$$

For such a helium atom, the energy of the Paschen alpha line photon is then

$$E_{\text{photon}} = E_{4 \text{ He-I}} - E_{3 \text{ He-II}} = -2^2 \frac{13.6 \text{ eV}}{4^2} - -2^2 \frac{13.6 \text{ eV}}{3^2} = \frac{7}{36} 13.6 \text{ eV} = 2.64 \text{ eV} .$$

Convert this to a wavelength:

$$\lambda = \frac{hc}{E} = \frac{6.63 \times 10^{-34} (3 \times 10^8)}{2.64 (1.6 \times 10^{-19})} = 4.78 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m} = 471 \text{ nm}$$

There is indeed such a line at 469 nm.