7-2)

This is an example of an 'explosion,' the reverse of a totally inelastic collision.

Make 'to the right' be positive

 $m_{A}=1 \text{ kg}$ $m_{B}=3 \text{ kg}$ $v_{Ai}=v_{Bi}=0$ $v_{Af}=?$ $v_{Bf}=+1.2 \text{ m/s}$ Make the system be the two blocks. There are no external forces acting horizontally (they all act vertically), so momentum is conserved in the horizontal direction:

a) $m_{A}v_{Ai} + m_{B}v_{Bi} = m_{A}v_{Af} + m_{B}v_{Bf}$ $0 + 0 = 1*v_{Af} + 3*1.2$ $v_{Af} = -3.6 \text{ m/s}$ *i.e.*, to the left Technically, question asks for the speed: $|v_{Af}| = \frac{3.6 \text{ m/s}}{8}$

b)

There are no non-conservative forces doing work (spring is conservative, normal and weight do no work since they are perpendicular to the motion).

$$\begin{split} W_{NC} &= \Delta K_1 + \Delta K_2 + \Delta U_{SP} \\ 0 &= {}^{1}\!/_2 m_A v_{Af}{}^2 - {}^{1}\!/_2 m_A v_{Ai}{}^2 + {}^{1}\!/_2 m_B v_{Bf}{}^2 - {}^{1}\!/_2 m_B v_{Bi}{}^2 + U_{SPf} - U_{SPi} \\ \end{split}$$
The initial Ks are zero, since the objects are not moving. The final U_{SP} is zero because the spring ends up relaxed. $0 &= {}^{1}\!/_2 m_A v_{Af}{}^2 + {}^{1}\!/_2 m_B v_{Bf}{}^2 - U_{SPi} \\ U_{SPi} &= {}^{1}\!/_2 m_A v_{Af}{}^2 + {}^{1}\!/_2 m_B v_{Bf}{}^2 = {}^{1}\!/_2 * 1 * 3.6^2 + {}^{1}\!/_2 * 3 * 1.2^2 = {}^{8.64} J \end{split}$